Second BHMS Pathology Question Papers

Calicut University 1996 - 2000

SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1996

PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY
Time: Three Hours. Maximum: 100 Marks
Answer all questions.
Answer Parts A and B in separate answer-books.

Part A

- 1. What is Thrombosis? Describe its mechanism and its varieties and clinical significance.
- 2. Describe the causes, pathological lesions and blood picture of Pernicious Anaemia.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Amyloidosis.
- (b) Gaint cells.
- (c) Cirrhosis.
- (d) Polyarthritis Nodosa.

Part B

- 1.Describe, the morphology, cultural characters and pathogenicity of Micobacterium Tuberculosis.
- 2. Discuss the life-cycle, morphology, pathogenicity of Enterobius vermicularis.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Viral encephalitis.
- (b) aIaàzAr.
- (c) Custicercus
- (d) Rheumatoid arthritis.
- (e) Plague.

SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 1997

PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Part A

- 1. Define Inflammation. Describe its pathology and its importance.
- 2. What is Neoplasm? Discuss various causes, spread and its characteristics.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Fatty change.
- (b) Embolism.
- (c) Macrocytic anemia.
- (d) Nephrosis.
- (e) Ben hen.

Part B

- 1. What is causative organism of syphilis ? Enumerate different stages, pathology, and laboratory diagnosis of syphilis.
- 2. Describe the morphology, life cycle and pathogenicity of Ascanis lubricoides.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Aschoff nodule.
- (b) Sporozoite.
- (c) Microfilaria.

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- (d) Emphysema.
- (e) Immunity.

SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1997

Part. A

- 1. What is Necrosis and discuss different varieties of necrosis?
- 2. What is shock? Describe different causes, mechanism and pathological lesions in important organs.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Thrombosis.
- (b) Glycogen infiltration.
- (c) Hypochromic Anaemia.
- (d) Peptic ulcer.
- (e) Scurvy.

Part B

- 1. Describe the transmission, spread, pathology, pathogenicity and laboratory diagnosis of Cholera.
- 2. Morphology, life-cycle, pathogenicity of Entamoeba bistolytica.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Mumps.
- (b) Hydatid cyst.
- (c) Skin lesions of Ancyloatoma duodenale.
- (d) Nepbrotic syndrome.
- (e) V.D.RL

SECOND B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 1998

PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Part A

- I.(a) Define thrombosis.
- (b) Describe the evolution of thrombus.
- (c) Write the aetiology of thrombosis.
- II.(a) Define anaemia and classify it.
 - (b) Describe the clinical feature and diagnosis of Iron deficiency anaemia.
- III. Write short notes on:
- (a) Atrophy.
- (b) Albuminuria.
- (c) Amyloid degeneration
- (d) Phagocytosis.

Part B

- I.(a) Describe the pathology of Lobar pneumonia.
- (b) Give an account of Primary Pulmonary Tuberculosis.
- I1.(a) Explain the pathology of Malaria. (7 marks)
- (b) Name the parasites that present in peripheral blood smear and give the diagnostic features of each of them with diagram.
- III. Write short notes on:
- (a) Leishman's stain.
- (b) Ankylostomiasis.
- (c) Diphtheria.
- (d) Congenital syphilis.

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SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1998

PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Part A

- 1.Define Oedema. What are the different mechanism of production of oedema? Describe renal oedema.
- 2. (a) Define and classify degeneration.
 - (b) Describe the pathological calcification in detail.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Aplastic anaemia.
- (b) Pre-cancerous
- (c) Multiple myeloma.
- (d) Granulation tissue.
- (e) Air embolism.

Part B

- 1. Give the morphology, cultural characteristics and pathogenicity of corynebacterium diphtheriae.
- 2.(a) Write the morphology of plasmodium falciparum with diagram.
 - (b) Describe the Pernicious malaria in detail.
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Viral inclusion bodies.
- (b) Aschoff nodule.
- (c) Gas gangrene.
- (d) Hydatid cyst.

SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 1999

Paper I—PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Part A

1.Define Leukaemia and classi1 it.

Describe the clinical features, blood picture and bone marrow picture in acute leukaemia.

- 2. (a) Describe the stages of wound healing.
 - (b) What are the end results of inflammation?
- 3. Write short notes on:
- (a) Metaplasia.
- (b) Fate of thrombus.
- (c) Atherosclerosis.
- (d) Thalassemia.

Part B

- 1. Mention the organisms causing gastroenteritis.
 - Describe the pathogenesis, clinical features and laboratory diagnosis of Cholera.
- 2. (a) Classiy the nematodes according to its habitat.
 - (b) Describe the páthogenesis and clinical features of Hook worm.
- 3. Write briefly on:
- (a) Tetanus.
- (b) Rheumatic fever.
- (c) Lepromin test.
- (d) Occult filariasis.

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SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1999

PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Part.A

- I (a) Describe the process of repair of a clean wound and mention the factors influencing healing of wound.
- (b) Classify and describe various types of inflammation.
- II. Describe the pathogenesis, clinical features and laboratory investigations of pernicious anaemia.
- III. Write short notes on
- (a) Cloudy swelling.
- (b) Jaundice.
- (c) Renal oedema.
- (d) Features of malignancy.

Part B

- I.(a) Describe various microfilariae with diagram. (7 marks)
- (b) Write the life-cycle and pathgenesis of Brugia malayi. (8 marks)
- IL Define Bacteria and classify it with examples. What are the different products of bacteria?
- III. Write short notes on
- (a) Hepatic amoebiasis
- (b) Measles.
- (c) Immunity.
- (d) NIH swab.
- (e) Lepromatous leprosy.

SECOND YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2000

PATHOLOGY, BACTERIOLOGY AND PARASITOLOGY

Part A

- 1.Describe the type of anemia produced by blood loss with clinical features and Lab :findings including blood picture and changes in the bone marrow.
- 2. What are the differences between benign and malignant tumor?

Describe the different modes of spread of cancer.

- 3. Write briefly on:
- (a) Athero sclerosis. (b) Viral inclusion bodies.
- (c) Widal reaction. (d) Kala-azar.

Part B

- 1.Explain the life-cycle of Ascaris lumbricides. Describe the pathogenesis. What are the preventive measures to be taken to arrest the spread '
- 2.Describe the morphology, cultural and pathogenesis of Neisseria meningiticlis
- 3. Write short notes on
- (a) Pathological calcification.
- (b) Gas gangrene.
- (c) Vitamin A deficiency.
- (d) Peptic ulcer.

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