

First BHMS Homeopathic Pharmacy Question Papers

Calicut University

1996 - 2000

FIRST YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1996

HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Time: Three Hours Maximum: 100 Marks

Part A & B in separate papers, Answer all questions.

Part A

1. Mention the common equipment and vessels needed for a Homoeopathic laboratory and what extra precautions are to be taken in cleaning for the preparation of Homoeopathic potencies?
2. Write Hahnemannian old classification of mother tinctures its merits and demerits.
3. What are vehicles ? Describe the process of preparation of alcohol. Explain why alcohol is used as the best vehicle.
4. Write short notes on:
 - (a) Bases..
 - (b) Nosodes.
 - (c) Lethal dose.
 - (d) Pharmacopoeia.

Part B

1. Explain how the knowledge of Pharmacy improves the knowledge of Materia Medica.
2. What are the common constituents of drugs ? Give a brief explanation about them.
3. What are meant by decimal and centesimal scales ? What are the usual designations of the two scales of attenuation? What is the relation of decimal to centesimal potencies?
4. Write prescription, its principles, components, mode of writing and validity.
5. Write the source, natural order, constituents of the following :—
 - (a) Aconite Napellus.
 - (b) Calendula.
 - (c) Rhustoxico-dendron.
 - (d) Cina
 - (e) Belladonna.

FIRST YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH/APRIL 1997

HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Part A

1. What are the Homoeopathic pharmaceutical instruments and appliances ? Write in detail.
2. Describe the preparation, purification and uses of vehicles. (10 marks)
3. Write a model prescription and explain. (10 marks)

4. Write short notes on: -
- (a) Crystallisation.
 - (b) Posology.
 - (c) Presses. -
 - (d) Weights and measures.

Part B

1. How are the triturations converted into liquid potencies? (10 marks)
 2. Define Vehicle. How is sugar of milk prepared for pharmaceutical use? (10 marks)
 3. What are the advantages of triturations? Name the utensils and articles required for making a trituration.
 4. What are the sources of Homoeopathic drugs? Describe in detail with four examples of each source.
5. Write the source, natural order, constituents of the following
- (a) Drosera.
 - (b) Hypericum.
 - (c) Opium
 - (d) Sambucus.
 - (d) Chelidonium.

FIRST YEAR BHMS DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1997

HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Part A

1. What is "mother tincture"? Describe the process of preparation of mother tincture according to new method
2. When do you call a vehicle an "Ideal vehicle"? State how pure form of Saccharum lactis is obtained in the laboratory.
3. What are the specific guidelines of collection and preservation of homoeopathic drugs?
4. Write short notes on the following :—
 - (a) Precipitation and crystallization.
 - (b) Proof spirit.
 - (c) Superscription.
 - (d) Jumping potency.

Part B

1. Define Potentisation and give a brief account of different scales of Potentisation. (10 marks)
 2. What are the drug strengths of mother tinctures obtained from class I and III. How will you prepare the first two potencies of medicines under Centesimal and Decimal scale from the mother tinctures obtained from the above formulae?
 3. What are nosodes? Give a brief account regarding their collection and preparation. (10 marks)
 4. Give a brief description of the external applications used in homoeopathy. (10 marks)
5. Write common name, family, the parts used, and the active principle of the following drugs :—
- (a) China.
 - (b) Calendula officinalis.

- (c) Nux vomica.
- (d) Stranionium.
- (e) Aloes.

FIRST B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 1998
HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Part A

1. Classify the drug source in detail giving examples. (10 marks)
2. How will you prepare mother tincture based on modern methods?(10 marks)
3. Give the preparation and purification of sugar of milk. (10 marks)
4. Write notes on:
 - (a) Doctrine of signature.
 - (b) Pharmacopoeia.
 - (c) Posology.
 - (d) Sulphur .Q

Part B

1. Explain dynamisation in detail. (10 marks)
2. Write in detail the nosode preparation. (10 marks)
3. Explain the various parts of prescription. (10 marks)
4. What are the qualities of prover? (10 marks)
5. Give notes on:
 - (a) Opium ; (b) Nux vomica.

FIRST YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1998
HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Section A

1. Classify the sources of drug with examples. (10 marks)
2. Classify Vehicles. What are the qualities of it ? (5 + 5 = 10 marks)
3. Describe dynamisation. What is its scientific approach 1 (5 + 5 10 marks)
4. Give notes on
 - (a) Drug inspector. (10 marks)
 - (b) Chromatography. (10 marks)

Section B

1. Describe prescription. What are its essentials ? (5 + 5 = 10 marks)
2. How do the knowledge of pharmacy increase the knowledge of Materia Medica ? (10 marks)

3. Give notes on
 - (a) Proof spirit.
 - (b) Glycosides.
4. Give the description of:
 - (a) Distilled water.
 - (b) Laes.
 - (c) Spiders.
 - (d) Colocynth fruit.

FIRST YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 1999
HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY .

Section A

- I. Describe in detail the drug constituents.
- II. Describe the manufacture of ethyl alcohol.
- III. How will you prepare mother tincture from viscid and mucilaginous drug materials?
- IV. Give notes on:
 - (a) Plasters ; and (b) Alkaloids.
- V. How will you conduct drug proving? (10 marks)

Section B

- I. What are the importance of Drug and Cosmetic Act ?
- II. How will you analyse a homoeopathic mother tincture?
- III. Explain 50 Miulesimal scale potency in detail.
- IV. Give notes on:
 - (a) Pharmacopoeia. (5 marks)
 - (b) Apis mellifica. (5 marks)
 - (c) Phosphorus mother tincture. (5 marks)
 - (d) Day book.

FIRST YEAR B.H.M.S. DEGREE EXAMINATION, DECEMBER 1999
HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Section A

1. Describe the constituents of drug in detail.
2. How will you prepare sugar of milk?
3. Describe the preparation of mother tincture from fresh plants.
4. (a) Fluxion potency and (b) Water content.
5. Vehicle.
6. Explain prescription in detail.
7. Describe nosode and its preparation.

8. Trace the history of homoeopathic pharmacy.
9. Give notes on:
 - (a) The licensee.
 - (b) Sepia.
 - (c) The best prover.

FIRST YEAR BHMS. DEGREE EXAMINATION, JUNE 2000
HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY

Section A

- I. Classify the drug source giving examples.
- II. Describe the preparation of Ethyl Alcohol.
- III. Give notes : (a) pharmacopoea, (b) apis mel.
- 1V Describe percolation. (10 marks)
- V. Give the details : (a) glycosides ; (b) bryonia root.

Section B

- I. Write a prescription for a child for fever. Explain its parts.
- II. Describe 'the proves'. (10 marks)
- 111.. Explain chromatography. (10 marks)
- IV. Give notes : (a) Ophi6toxins (b) Hepar Suiph.
- V. Explain dynamisation in detail. (10 marks)

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